PATENT COOPERATION TELESTRE

PCT0/53439 WIPO

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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applican	to or or	zonto filo reference						
Applicant's or agent's file reference BCS 02-5001-PCT			FOR FURTHER	FOR FURTHER ACTION See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)				
International application No. PCT/EP 03/12476			International filing da 07.11.2003	te <i>(day/mon</i> i	th/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 08.11.2002		
Internation A23L1	onal Par 01	tent Classification (IPC) or b	oth national classification	on and IPC				
Applicant BAYER		SCIENCE GMBH						
 This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 								
2. Th	2. This REPORT consists of a total of 4 sheets, including this cover sheet.							
The	These annexes consist of a total of sheets.							
3. This	s repoi	t contains indications rel	ating to the following	items:				
I	\boxtimes	Basis of the opinion						
11		Priority						
111		Non-establishment of o	oinion with regard to	novelty, inv	ventive ster	o and industrial applicability		
IV		Lack of unity of inventio	n	,,		and indeed at applicability		
٧	\boxtimes	Reasoned statement ur citations and explanatio	der Rule 66.2(a)(ii) v ns supporting such s	vith regard tatement	to novelty,	inventive step or industrial applicability;		
VI		Certain documents cited	l					
VII		Certain defects in the in						
VIII		Certain observations on	the international app	lication				
		-						
Date of sub	missio	of the demand		Date of completion of this report				
14.05.2004					09.02.2005			
Name and mailing address of the international preliminary examining authority:				Authorized	Authorized Officer			
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/EP 03/12476

I. Basis	of	the	rer	ort
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1. With regard to the **elements** of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)):

	Desc	cription, Pages				
	1-54		as originally filed			
	Clai	ms, Numbers				
1-16			as originally filed			
	•		-			
2.	With lang	regard to the langua ; uage in which the inte	ge, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the mational application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item.			
	The	lable or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:				
		the language of a tran	slation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).			
			ation of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).			
		the language of a trar Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3	slation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under			
3.	3. With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:					
		contained in the inter	national application in written form.			
		filed together with the	international application in computer readable form.			
		furnished subsequent	ly to this Authority in written form.			
			ly to this Authority in computer readable form.			
		The statement that the international ap	e subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure plication as filed has been furnished.			
			e information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence			
4.	The	amendments have re	sulted in the cancellation of:			
		the description,	pages:			
		the claims,	Nos.:			
		the drawings,	sheets:			
5.		This report has been been considered to g	established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have o beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)).			
		(Any replacement sh report.)	eet containing such amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this			
6.	Add	ditional observations, i	necessary:			

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT**

International application No.

PCT/EP 03/12476

V. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

Claims

1-16

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

No:

7-9

No: Claims 1-6,10-16

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

1-16

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations

see separate sheet

EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

- The present application discloses a process for reducing the acrylamide content of 1. heat-treated foods, comprising selecting plant material which has a reduced content of soluble sugars. More particularly, the application shows that by reducing the expression of the R1 gene in potato tubers potato chips can be obtained which have a reduced content of acrylamide.
- 2. The present application does not fulfill the requirements of Article 33(3) PCT, because the subject-matter of claims 1-6 and 10-16 is not based on an inventive activity.

It was known from the prior art that acrylamide is formed in the malliard reaction between amino acids and reducing sugars. One of the first proposals to reduce the content of acrylamide was to store potatoes in the dark and at more than 8°C (www.swisstox.net; www.quasi.uni-kiel.de), which means that the cold-induced sweetening should be avoided. Moreover, the breeding of potato varieties having a reduced content of sugars and asparagine was already proposed (www.quasi.unikiel.de).

It was thus obvious for the skilled person that by selecting plant material which has a reduced content of soluble sugars leads to a reduction in acrylamide in the heat treated foods.

- The claims are not clear. It is not clear what "conventional" and apparently 3. unconventional plants are compared.
- Moreover, there are strong doubts that the claimed method, particularly the method 4. of claims 7-9, can be reduced to practise over its entire range. It is entirely unclear whether the inhibition of the R1 gene in any plant other than potato would lead to the desired effect. In can be understood from the description that the important effect of the R1 gene is its function in cold-induced sweetening. It is not clear whether such an effect exists, for example, in maize or wheat.